

## Homework 1

No.	Questions	Marks
1	Draw axes with x from -2 to 8, y from -2 to 8. Draw the graph of $y = 2x + 1$ . Use the cover up method to draw the graph of $x + 2y = 8$ . Write down the coordinates of the point of intersection.	(5)
2	Expand and simplify: $5(3x-1) - 2(2x-1)$	(3)
3(a)	Factorise: $4a^2b - 10ab^2$	(2)
3(b)	Factorise: $22pq^3 + 55p^2q$	(2)

4(a)	Simplify	$x^3 \times x^4$	(1)
4(b)	Simplify	$\frac{m^9 \times m}{m^5}$	(2)
5(a)	Expand and Simplify:	$(x+4)(x-5)$	(2)
5(b)	Expand and Simplify	$(x-3)^2$	(2)
6	<p>An equilateral triangle with sides <math>2x+1</math> has the same perimeter as a rectangle length <math>4x</math> and width <math>x+0.5</math>.  Form an equation in <math>x</math> and solve it to find the <b>area</b> of the rectangle.</p>		(3)

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7(a)	Solve by factorising: $a^2 - 7a + 10 = 0$	(3)
7(b)	Solve by factorising: $w^2 - w - 12 = 0$	(3)
8	Sketch the graphs of... (a sketch is not drawn accurately but has key values such the x and y intersects) i) $y = x^3$ ii) $y = \frac{1}{x}$ iii) $y = 2^x$	(6)

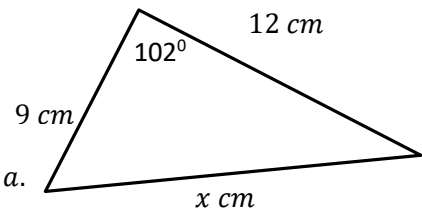
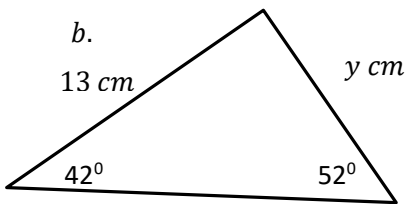
9(a)	Solve: $5x + 2y = 61$ $2x - 5y = -22$	
9(b)	Solve: $6x = 52 - 2y$ $5x + 7y = 70$	(4)

10	<p>Expand and Simplify</p> <p>a) <math>(5 + \sqrt{3})(6 + \sqrt{3})</math>      b) <math>(4 + \sqrt{2})(5 - \sqrt{2})</math>      c) <math>(7 + \sqrt{5})(7 - \sqrt{5})</math></p>	(6)
11(a)	<p>Simplify</p> $\frac{7(2x + 1)}{(2x + 1)^2}$	(2)

11(b)	Simplify $\frac{3x + 9}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$	(2)
12(a)	Solve $\frac{x}{3} + \frac{x-2}{5} = 6$	(4)
12(b)	Solve this equation $\frac{x-2}{5} + \frac{x}{3} = \frac{x}{2}$	(4)

13(a)	Factorise: $3x^2 - 7x + 2$	(2)
13(b)	Factorise: $6x^2 + 5x + 1$	(2)
14(a)	Write in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$ $x^2 + 8x + 3$ <i>(This is a common way of asking you to complete the square)</i>	(3)
14(b)	Write in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$ $x^2 - 6x - 12$	(3)

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15	<p>Prove, using algebra, that the mean of any 3 consecutive numbers is equal to the middle number</p>	
16	<p>Solve the following quadratic equation using the quadratic formula; leave your answer to two decimal places.  <math>x^2 - 10x + 5 = 0</math></p>	(3)
17	<p>Find the missing values using sine and cosine rules</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>9 cm, 12 cm, <math>x</math> cm, <math>102^\circ</math>, <math>a</math></p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p><math>b</math>, 13 cm, <math>y</math> cm, <math>42^\circ</math>, <math>52^\circ</math></p> </div> </div>	(4)



20(a)	<p>If <math>s=5</math> <math>t=4</math> and <math>v=0.5</math> find <math>a</math> where</p> $s = vt - \frac{1}{2}at^2$	(2)
20(b)	<p>If <math>a=4</math> and <math>b=-5</math> find <math>c</math></p> $c = \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}$	(2)
21	<p>Make <math>x</math> the subject</p> <p>a) <math>4x^2 + y^2 = r^2</math>    b) <math>ht = xy - 4x</math></p>	(4)
22	<p>Find the Midpoint of the co-ordinates <math>(-2,3)</math> and <math>(6,8)</math></p>	(2)
23	<p>Write an expression in terms of <math>N</math> for the sequences <math>37,33,29,25,21...</math></p>	(2)

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