

## **MUSIC - YEAR 9**

**Baroque -** A musical style around in Europe from about 1600-1750. Strong bass and lots of decoration.

**Bass line –** the low continuous bass part. Could be a walking bass that moves on the beat either in stepwise or arpeggios.

**Chord** – a group of three of more notes sounded together to create a harmony.

**Chromatic** – using notes that don't belong to the main key of the melody.

**Chorus –** either a group of singers or a section of a song which repeats the same way each time it is heard.

**Compare** – identify similarities and/or differences.

Crescendo – gradually getting louder

**Dynamic -** the volume of the music. Loud, quiet, getting louder.

**Ensemble -** A group. Your ensemble performance is a group performance.

**Ground Bass** – A way of playing variations with a strong repeating bass part as the main theme.

**Improvisation** – music that's made up on the spot by a performer, often based on a given chord progression or a set of notes.

**Introduction – (intro) –** the opening section to a piece of music.

**Major chord** – a triad (3 notes) with an interval of four semitones between the bottom and middle notes, and three semitones between the middle and top notes. Sounds happy.

**Melody -** the tune

**Minor chord -** a triad (3 notes) with an interval of three semitones between the bottom and middle notes, and four semitones between the middle and top notes. Sounds sad.

Outro - the ending section of a piece.

**Riff** – Repeated phrase played over and over again. This term is used jazz, pop and rock music.

**Structure -** the order or sections of a piece. Eg. Verse, chorus, introduction, coda, middle eight, outro, head.

**Swing Rhythm (swung) –** The normal straight rhythm becomes unequally split. The first note is longer and the second is shorter.

**Syncopated –** A way to describe a rhythm that has more emphasis on the off beats or in unexpected places.

**Texture -** the way parts fit together. This could be the number of parts and whether parts are doing the same or different. eg. Unison, melody and accompaniment, polyrhythmic. **Unison -** Everyone doing the same thing at the same time.

**Verse –** A section of a song. The melody returns but the words/lyrics are different each time.